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# Shrinking Memmap

## FOSDEM

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# Memmap



- Typically 1.6% of memory reserved for memmap (64 bytes per 4KiB page)
  - Think of it as 16MB per gigabyte
- Virtualised systems pay this cost twice
  - We can't share between host & guest; they have different uses in each
- Memmap is an array of struct page

# Size of struct page

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- Too large
  - 16GB of a 1TB machine is wasted money!
- Too small
  - Many proposals for adding more information to struct page
  - struct page\_ext exists, but is slow
- Just right
  - Same size as a cache line

# Page allocator



- Fundamental memory allocator
  - You should probably use a different memory allocator (kmalloc, vmalloc, slab, percpu, CMA, page\_pool, ...)
- Calling `alloc_page()` gives you the 4KiB of memory *and* the struct page!
  - Some arcane restrictions on which parts you can use

## struct page (v4.14)

```
unsigned long flags;
union {
    struct address_space *mapping;
    void *s_mem;
    atomic_t compound_mapcount;
    /* page_deferred_list().next */
};
union {
    pgoff_t index;
    void *freelist;
    /* page_deferred_list().prev */
};
union {
    unsigned long counters;
    struct {
        union {
            atomic_t _mapcount;
            struct { ... };
        };
        atomic_t _refcount;
    };
};
```

```
union {
    struct list_head lru;
    struct dev_pagemap *pgmap;
    struct {
        struct page *next;
        int pages;
        int pobjects;
    };
    struct rcu_head rcu_head;
    struct {
        unsigned long compound_head;
        unsigned int compound_dtor;
        unsigned int compound_order;
    };
    struct {
        unsigned long __pad;
        pgtable_t pmd_huge_pte;
    };
};
```

```
union {
    unsigned long private;
    spinlock_t ptl;
    struct kmem_cache *slab_cache;
};
struct mem_cgroup *mem_cgroup;
void *virtual;
void *shadow;
int _last_cpupid;
```

## struct page (v4.19)

```
unsigned long flags;
union {
    struct /* folio */ {
        struct list_head lru;
        struct address_space *mapping;
        pgoff_t index;
        unsigned long private;
    };
    struct /* tail */ {
        unsigned long compound_head;
        unsigned char compound_dtor;
        unsigned char compound_order;
        atomic_t compound_mapcount;
    };
    struct /* Second tail */ {
        unsigned long _compound_pad_1;
        unsigned long _compound_pad_2;
        struct list_head deferred_list;
    };
};
```

```
struct /* slab */ {
    union {
        struct list_head slab_list;
        struct {
            struct page *next;
            int pages;
            int pobjects;
        };
    };
    struct kmem_cache *slab_cache;
    void *freelist;
    union {
        void *s_mem;
        unsigned long counters;
        struct { ... };
    };
};
struct /* ZONE_DEVICE */ {
    struct dev_pagemap *pgmap;
    unsigned long hmm_data;
};
```

```
struct /* Page table */ {
    unsigned long _pt_pad_1;
    pgtable_t pmd_huge_pte;
    unsigned long _pt_pad_2;
    union {
        struct mm_struct *pt_mm;
        atomic_t pt_frag_refcount;
    };
    spinlock_t ptl;
};
atomic_t _mapcount;
atomic_t _refcount;
struct mem_cgroup *mem_cgroup;
void *virtual;
void *shadow;
int _last_cpupid;
```



## struct page (v6.12)

```
unsigned long flags;
union {
    struct /* folio */ {
        struct list_head lru;
        struct address_space *mapping;
        pgoff_t index;
        unsigned long private;
    };
    struct /* tail */ {
        unsigned long compound_head;
    };
};
```

```
struct /* ZONE_DEVICE */ {
    struct dev_pagemap *pgmap;
    void *zone_device_data;
};
struct /* page_pool */ {
    unsigned long pp_magic;
    struct page_pool *pp;
    unsigned long _pp_mapping_pad;
    unsigned long dma_addr;
    atomic_long_t pp_ref_count;
};
```

```
atomic_t _mapcount;
atomic_t _refcount;
struct mem_cgroup *mem_cgroup;
void *virtual;
void *shadow;
int _last_cpupid;
```



## But how do we shrink struct page?

- Need to identify redundancies
- Multi-page allocations maintain almost all information in the first page
- If we move all that information into a dynamically allocated struct, we can point to it from each page
- Goal (eventual): 8 byte struct page
  - One pointer, plus 4 bits of metadata
- Goal (2025): 32 byte struct page
  - `unsigned long flags;`
  - `unsigned long memdesc;`
  - `atomic_t _refcount;`
  - `unsigned long private;`

# What needs to happen in 2025?

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- Finish folio conversions in filesystems
  - Or disable them with a Kconfig option for a developer preview
  - Not practical for production – btrfs, ceph, f2fs, nfs and others still have legacy code
- Remove uses of `page→lru`, `page→mapping`, `page→index` and `page→memcg_data`
  - Many independent projects here
- Remove uses of `bh→b_page`
  - I have a tree with this work completed
- Remove uses of `folio→page`
- Split out pagepool allocator into its own struct
- Dynamically allocate struct `folio` / `slab` / `zsmalloc` / `ptdesc` / `page_pool` / ...

# Is everybody happy?

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- struct page is smaller
- struct page is rarely modified
- struct folio can grow without affecting struct slab or vice versa
- Order 0 & 1 allocations will use more memory
- Order 2+ allocations use less memory, but need a slab allocation
- Possible cache miss when going from page to folio or vice versa
- We can shrink struct page further
- There's a lot more to this that I didn't have time to cover today, see <https://kernelnewbies.org/MatthewWilcox/Memdescs/Path>
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# Thanks

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