

Delegating the chores of authenticating users to Keycloak

Alexander Schwartz, Principal Software Engineer @ Red Hat

FOSDEM Identity and Access Management Devroom | Brussels, BE | 2025-02-02

Delegating the chores of authenticating users to Keycloak

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Practical authentication by example
- 3 The other things you will also need
- 4 Standards everywhere!

Delegating the chores of authenticating users to Keycloak

1 **Motivation**

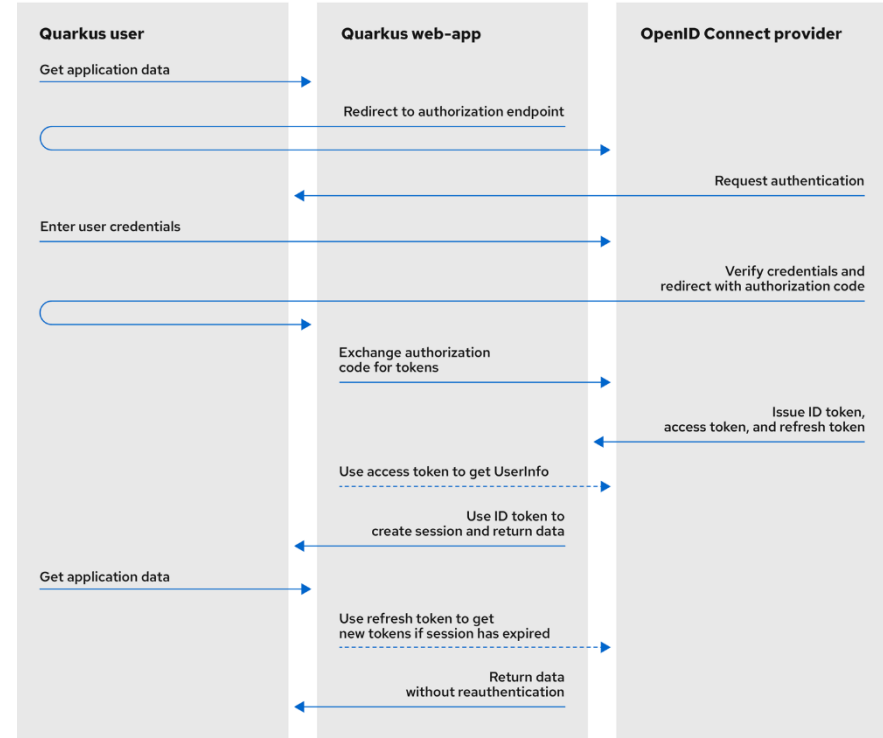
2 Practical authentication by example

3 The other things you will also need

4 Standards everywhere!

Authentication is answering the question “Who are you?”

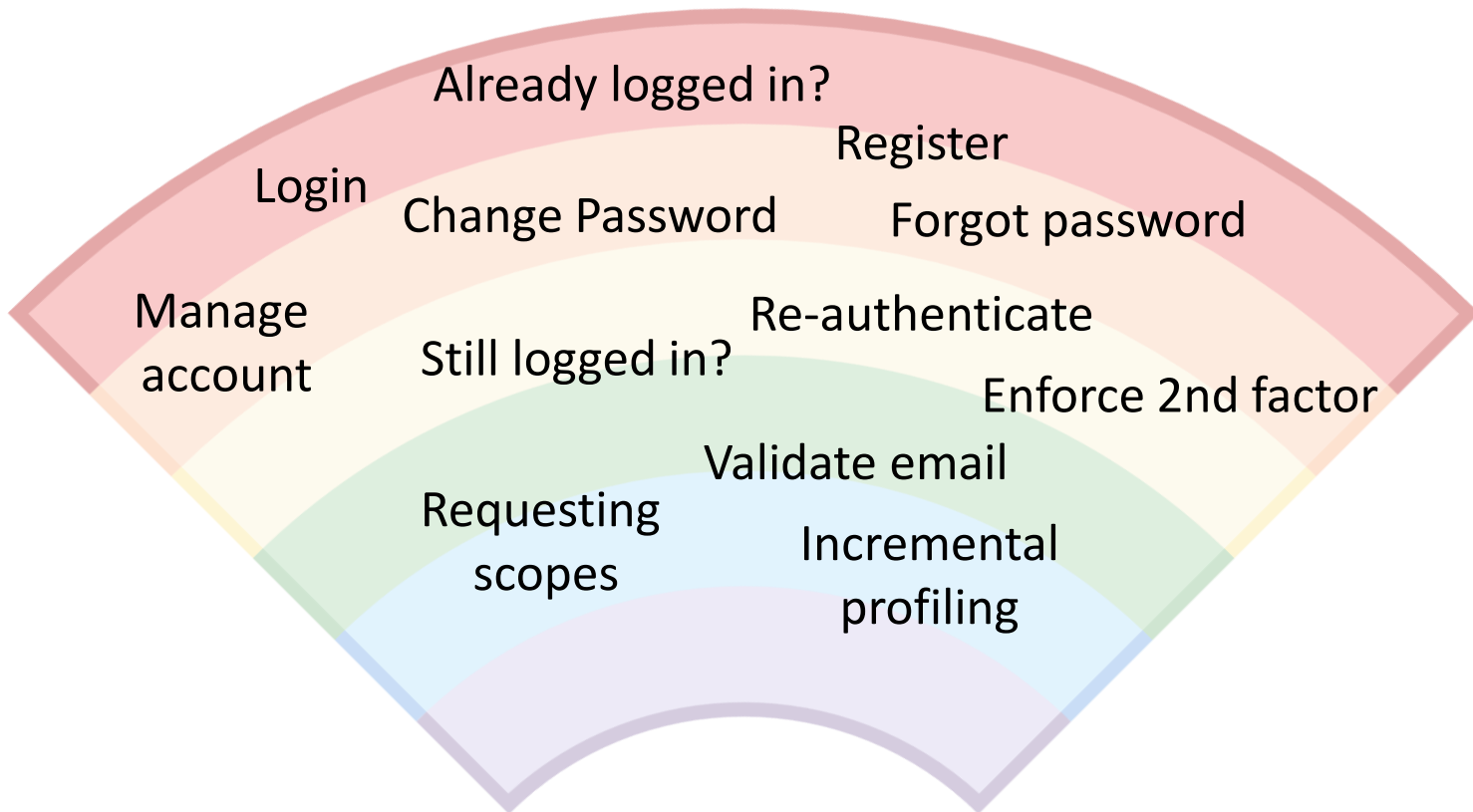
- You want users to log in ...
... but it starts earlier as you want to know if they are already logged in
- You have seen the diagram of the Authentication Code Flow ...
... but how to I put it to use?
- How to benefit of the features in Keycloak ...
... with spending a minimal of work?



<https://quarkus.io/guides/security-oidc-code-flow-authentication>

276.0822

Know the things it can do!



Delegating the chores of authenticating users to Keycloak

- 1 Motivation
- 2 **Practical authentication by example**
- 3 The other things you will also need
- 4 Standards everywhere!

The actors in this play

End user

- Has Credentials
- Operates a web browser



Relying Party (RP)

aka Client application

- Shows a web application
- Interact with an OpenID Provider and other Relying Parties
- Want a user to authenticate



OpenID Provider (OP)

aka Identity Provider

- Shows the login screen
- Validate credentials
- Issue and validate tokens

Keycloak is an Open Source Identity and Access Management Solution



Initial commit 2013-07-02



Cloud Native Computing Foundation
Incubating project since April 2023



Apache License, Version 2.0



26k GitHub stars



Know your OpenID Provider

```
GET issuer + "/.well-known/openid-configuration"
```

```
{
  "issuer": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test",
  "authorization_endpoint": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/auth",
  "token_endpoint": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/token",
  "introspection_endpoint": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/token/introspect",
  "userinfo_endpoint": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/userinfo",
  "end_session_endpoint": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/logout",
  "frontchannel_logout_session_supported": true,
  "frontchannel_logout_supported": true,
  "jwks_uri": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/certs",
  "check_session_iframe": "http://localhost:8080/realms/test/protocol/openid-connect/login-status-iframe.html",
  "grant_types_supported": [
    "authorization_code",
    "implicit",
    "refresh_token",
    "password",
    "client_credentials"
  ],
  "response_types_supported": [
    "code",
    "token",
    "id_token",
    "code_id_token",
    "token_id_token",
    "code_token_id_token"
  ],
  "scopes_supported": [
    "openid",
    "profile",
    "email",
    "address",
    "phone",
    "offline_access"
  ],
  "subject_types_supported": [
    "public",
    "pairwise"
  ],
  "id_token_signed_response_alg": "RS256",
  "userinfo_signed_response_alg": "RS256",
  "request_object_supported": true,
  "request_uri_parameter_supported": false,
  "require_request_uri_registration": true,
  "op_typed_response": true
}
```

Is the user already logged in?

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?redirect_uri=...&prompt=none..."
```

```
GET ON redirect_uri "?error=login_required..."
```

Register as a new user!

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?redirect_uri=...&prompt=create..."
```

(continue with a regular login)

Register

* Required fields

Username *

Password *



Confirm password *



Email *

Now OIDC
compliant in in
Keycloak 26.1!

Log in the user!

REDIRECT TO `authorization_endpoint + "?redirect_uri=...&prompt=login..."`

GET ON `redirect_uri "?...session_state=...code=..."`

POST code and other parameters to `token_endpoint`

RESPONSE with ID token, access token, refresh token, ...

Is the user still logged in?

```
IFRAME with check_session_iframe + session_state + JavaScript sendMessage()
```

```
JavaScript receiveMessage() with information if session_state is valid
```

Refresh the access token!

POST `refresh_token` to token endpoint

RESPONSE with ID token, access token, refresh token, ...

Get some information about the user

```
GET userinfo_endpoint with access token as authorization bearer header
```

```
RESPONSE with user information as JSON
```

Log out user from all applications

```
GET end_session_endpoint + "post_logout_redirect_uri=...&id_token_hint=...&client_id=..."
```

```
REDIRECT to post_logout_redirect_uri
```


Delegating the chores of authenticating users to Keycloak

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Practical authentication by example
- 3 **The other things you will also need**
- 4 Standards everywhere!

Enforce second factor authentication

[Configure a new flow in Keycloak](#)

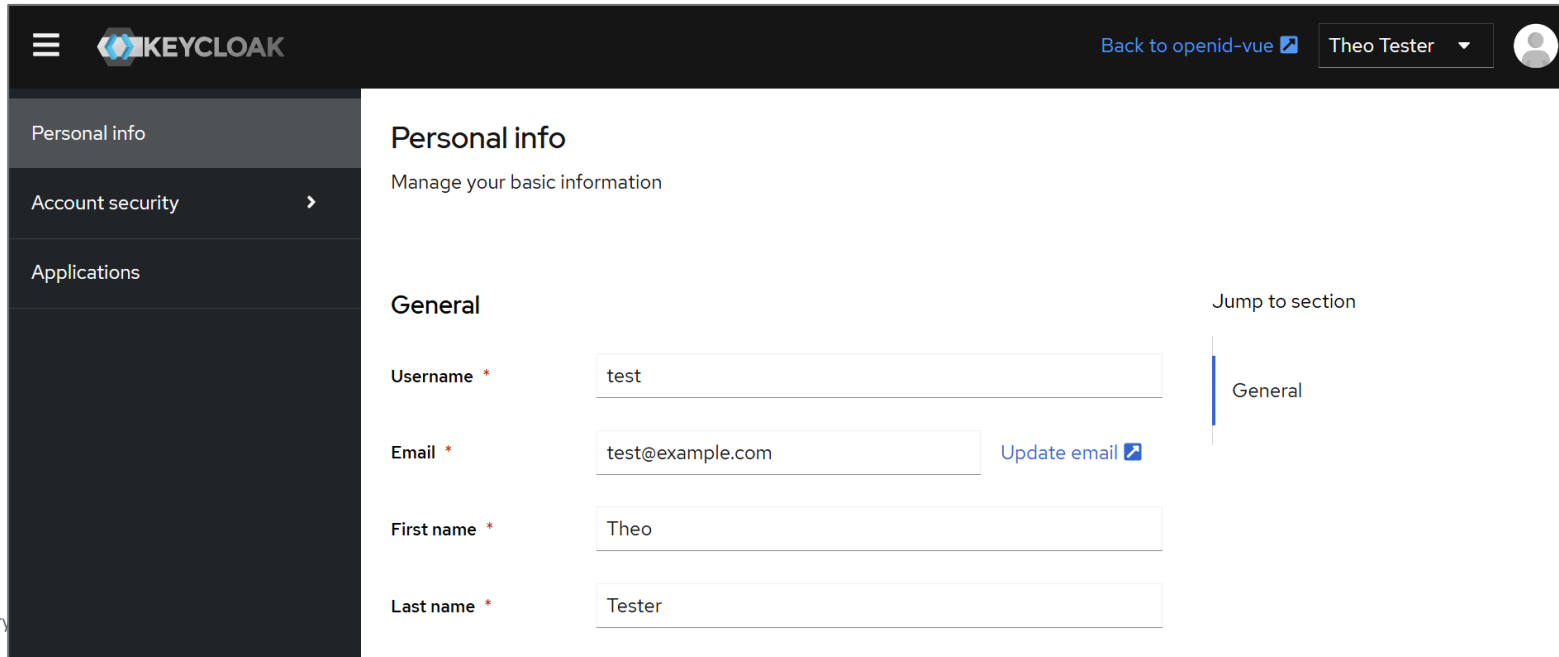
```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?...acr_values=2..."
```

(continue as with a login)

Minimum ACR value
in Keycloak Client
configuration in 26.1
as an alternative

Let users manage their data and credentials in Keycloak's account console

REDIRECT TO `.../account?referrer=...&referrer_uri=...`



The screenshot displays the Keycloak account console interface. The top navigation bar includes the Keycloak logo, a 'Back to openid-vue' link, and a user profile dropdown for 'Theo Tester'. The left sidebar contains a menu with 'Personal info', 'Account security', and 'Applications'. The main content area is titled 'Personal info' with the subtitle 'Manage your basic information'. Under the 'General' section, there are four input fields: 'Username' (containing 'test'), 'Email' (containing 'test@example.com' with an 'Update email' link), 'First name' (containing 'Theo'), and 'Last name' (containing 'Tester'). A 'Jump to section' sidebar on the right shows 'General' as the selected option.

Field	Value
Username *	test
Email *	test@example.com
First name *	Theo
Last name *	Tester

Update your password, add Passkeys or other IDM tasks (Keycloak custom)

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?kc_action=UPDATE_PROFILE..."
```

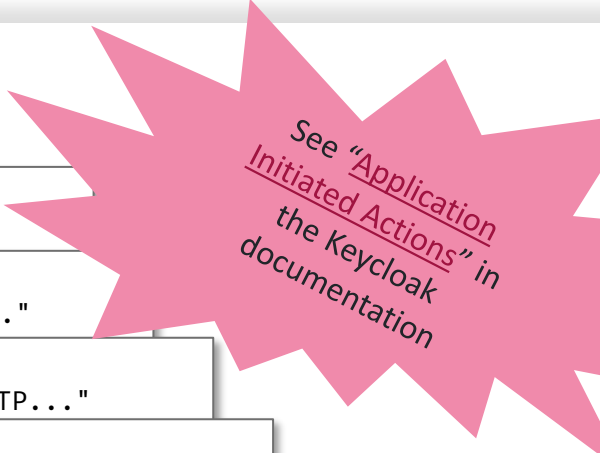
```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?kc_action=UPDATE_PASSWORD..."
```

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?kc_action=delete_account..."
```

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?kc_action=CONFIGURE_TOTP..."
```

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?kc_action=webauthn-register..."
```

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?kc_action=webauthn-register-passwordless..."
```



See "Application Initiated Actions" in the Keycloak documentation

Use scopes to acquire additional data

Manage the user profile and make fields profile specific and required

REDIRECT TO `authorization_endpoint + &scope=openid+email+address...`

Required field ?



On

Required for

☐ Both users and
admins

☒ Only
users

☐ Only
admins

Required when ?

☐ Always

☒ Scopes are requested

address x



Delegating the chores of authenticating users to Keycloak

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Practical authentication by example
- 3 The other things you will also need
- 4 **Standards everywhere!**

Standards everywhere!

- A lot of authentication and user management functionality is just a redirect away.
- Use an OpenID Connect library to do the heavy lifting.
- Read the standards especially around “prompt”, and leverage modular Keycloak functionality using “kc_action”.
- Use scopes to incrementally acquire user data.
- Try out Keycloak’s preview features and provide feedback, so they can mature and be eventually supported.



<https://www.keycloak.org>



Links

Keycloak

<https://www.keycloak.org>

<https://www.keycloak.org/server/features>

OpenID Connect Core

https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-core-1_0.html

Demo Code

<https://github.com/ahus1/authentication-demo>

JavaScript library used in the demo

<https://github.com/panva/openid-client>

Slides:



@ahus1@fosstodon.org



@ahus1.de

Contact



Alexander Schwartz
Principal Software Engineer

alexander.schwartz@gmx.net
<https://www.ahus1.de>

 @ahus1.de

 @ahus1@fosstodon.org

Reauthenticate when the user is already logged in

```
REDIRECT TO authorization_endpoint + "?redirect_uri=...&prompt=login..."
```

(continue as with a login)

Pushed Authorization Request for the PARanoid!

POST `redirect_uri`, `prompt` and other information to the `pushed_authorization_request_endpoint`

RECEIVE a `request_uri`

REDIRECT TO `authorization_endpoint + "?request_uri..."`

(continue as before)